

Modeling Families of Public Licensing Services: A Case Study

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1 Part I

- Context and motivation
- Modeling families of services with FTA
- Verifying properties of families of services with Uppaal

2 Part II

- Analyzing FTA
- Enriching FTA

Challenges

- Rapid development
- Service integration
- Cost reduction
- Conformance with laws and regulations

In Practice

- Ad-hoc ICT solutions disregarding common functionality and shared processes

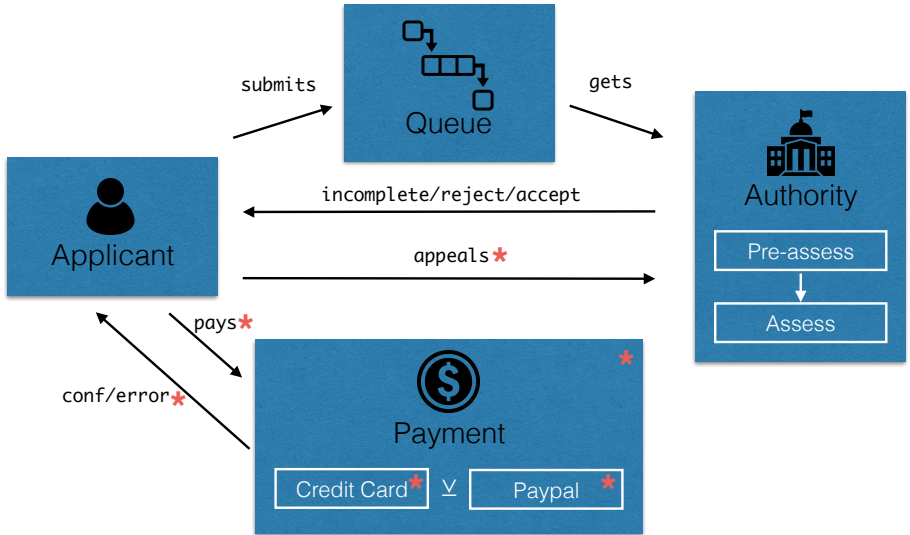
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In Practice

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Public Licensing Services



Challenges

- Rapid development
 - Service integration
 - Cost reduction
 - Conformance with laws and regulations
- } Software Product Lines
- } Formal Methods

A *set* of software systems that share a high number of *features* while differing on others, where concrete configurations are derived from a core of common assets in a prescribed way.

Feature

- A characteristic or behavior of a system that is visible to the user.
- e.g., *pay*, *cc*, *pp*, ...

Feature model

- Expresses valid feature combinations, i.e., the set of systems that can be derived from the SPL
- e.g., $\{\{pay, cc, pp\}, \{pay, cc\}, \{pay, pp\}, \{\}\}$

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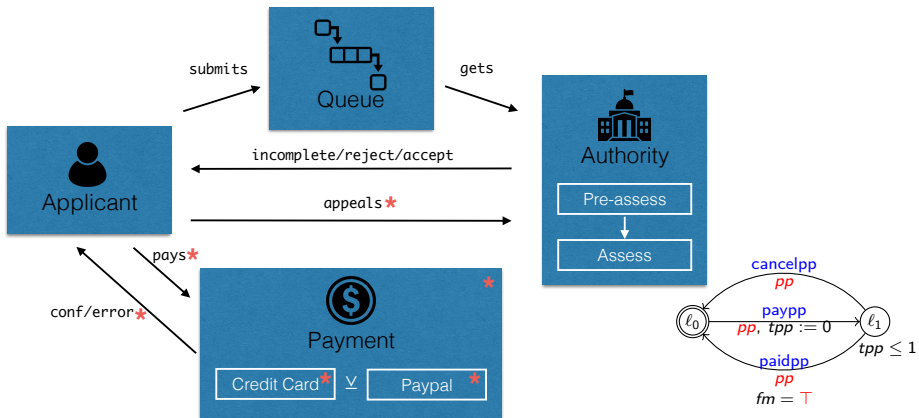
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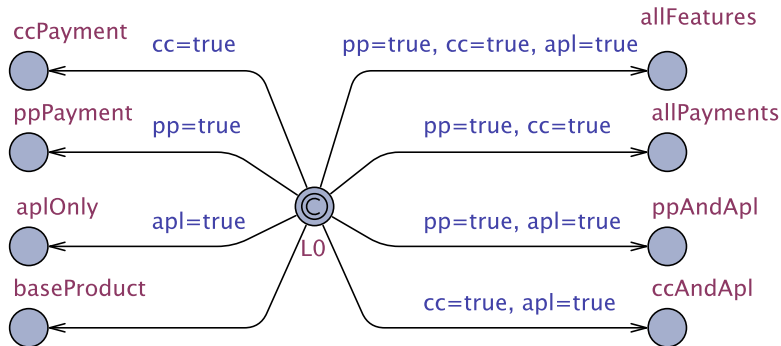
A Modeling formalism for SPL

Feature Timed Automata (FTA)

- Extends Timed Automata with *variability*
- Enables the verification of the entire SPL by capturing its behavior in a single model



Modeling variability in Uppaal



Example properties

- An application eventually results in accepted, rejected, incomplete, or canceled
- An application is processed within 121 days
- An application can not be opened by more than one authority
- ...

Property	
Liveness	<code>ap0.apply --> (ap0.accepted ap0.incomplete_app ap0.payment_cancelled ap0.rejected) (mergeCancelPay(0).Lpp mergeCancelPay(0).Lcc) --> ap0.payment_cancelled</code>
Reachability	<code>!cc --> !(exists(i:app_id) (CreditCard(i).L1 mergeCancelPay(i).Lcc mergePaid(i).Lcc))</code>
Safety	<code>A[] ap0.submitted imply ap0.tproc <= 90+31</code> <code>A[] ap3.appealed imply ap3.tap1 <=60</code> <code>A[] forall(i:app_id) !(auth0.inOpenApps(i) && auth1.inOpenApps(i))</code>

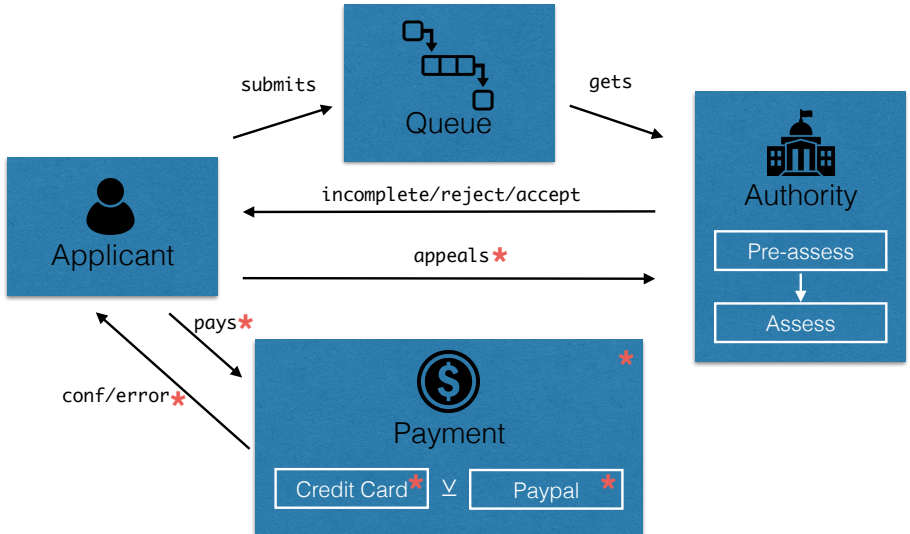
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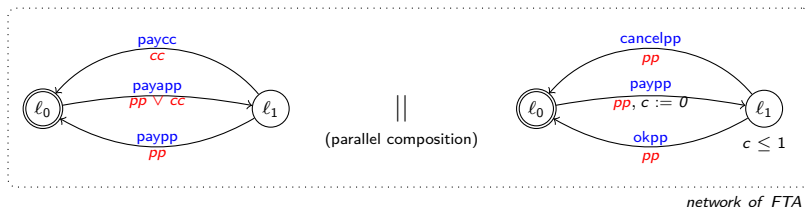
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Analyzing FTA



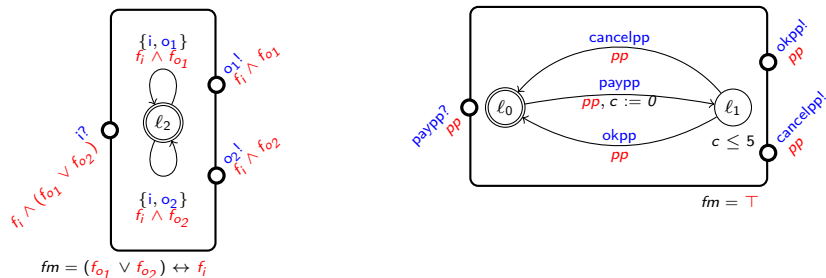


Feature Timed Automata (FTA)

- Disregards modular and compositional aspects of SPL development
- Implicit communication points
- Lack of variability composition
- Lack of reusable common orchestration mechanisms

Interface Featured Timed Automata (IFTA)

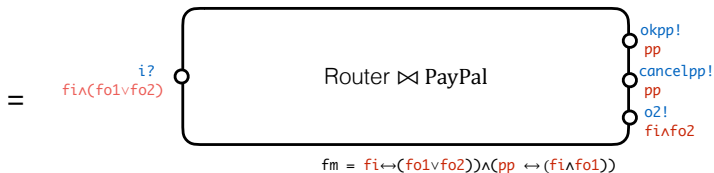
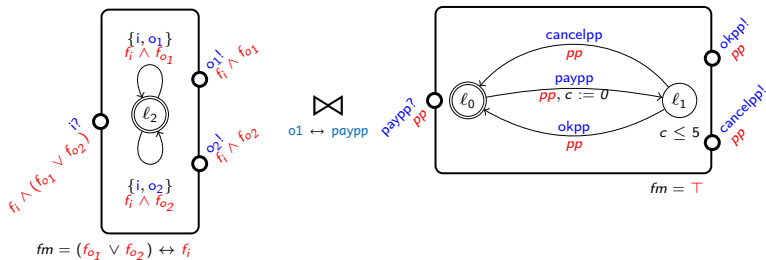
- Extends FTA with interfaces that restrict the way automata are composed
- Multi-action transitions to simplify design



- $?, !$ denote inputs and outputs interfaces, respectively.
- each interface has associated an *inferred feature expression*.

Interface Featured Timed Automata (IFTA)

- Explicit communication points + composition of variability



Scala DSL: <https://github.com/haslab/ifta>

- Specification of IFTA
- Uppaal
- Interactive representation
- Dot

E-Government

- Unexplored domain with respect to SPL + Formal methods

FTA

- Allows to simplify the modeling and verification of families of timed automata
- Can be enriched to reason about variability during composition

IFTA

- *Multi-action transitions* simplify design
- *Interfaces* enables reasoning about variability + visual feedback
- *Composition* takes into account the feature models
- Limitations in the implementation
 - Uppaal doesn't work very well with sequence of committed states
 - Size of IFTA composition can growth quickly

Questions?

E-Government

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